

Регистрационные данные:

Scientific research of the SCO countries: synergy and integration

August 31, 2019. Part 2

Поле	Значение
Объект №1	
Заголовок	RATING ASSESSMENT OF INVESTMENT ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE REGION OF THE REGION
Аннотация	The article reveals the authors approach to understanding the category of investment climate of the region as a set of political, socioeconomic and financial conditions in the region in which the investor can carry out his investment activities. The components of the regions investment climate are analyzed based on the assessment of investment potential and investment risk.
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Объект №2	
Заголовок	"NEW ANGARSTROY" AS A PROJECT OF RUSSIAN-CHINESE INTEGRATION IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BAIKAL-AMUR MACRO-REGION WITH RELIANCE ON THE IRKUTSK OBLAST
Аннотация	In the context of nonprimarybased cooperation of Russia and China the innovation Project New Angarstroy : BaikalAmur metallurgical supercombine, is being considered. It was developed as a key part of the new stage of industrialization in Russia, including of large scale TransSiberian and BaikalAmur railway reconstruction. The project serves as an alternative to further increasing the exploitation of forest resources in the Baikal region, creating here new environmentally harmful cellulose and chemical plants and tourist hotels on Baikal. The project assumes the development of the largest metallurgy production of national and international scale, which will includes highquality ferrous metallurgy of the full cycle and titaniummagnesium industry. The development of the Baikal ecological territory is assumed within the framework of the LakeTemple subproject.
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Объект №3	
Заголовок	PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP: A PROSPECTIVE TOOL TO ENHANCE THE SCO COUNTRIES' ECONOMIC COOPERATION

Аннотация	<p>One of the key problems faced by the SCO countries in their economic development is condition of their infrastructure. To overcome this problem, many countries of the organization adopt a wellproven in world practices mechanism of publicprivate partnership (PPP). China, India, Russia, Kazakhstan have already accumulated both methodological experience (PPP public governance, system of public support, etc.) and experience in practical use of PPP mechanisms for the implementation of infrastructure projects. PPP development in the SCO countries is still based mainly on the vertical model, combining efforts of the state and business within the national framework. Moving to horizontal PPP, i.e. giving it a supranational, multilateral character could be useful for the SCO countries not only in terms of national infrastructure development, but also in terms of expanding the field of mutual economic cooperation, combining efforts in implementation of beneficial transnational infrastructure projects, as well as cooperation in achieving the UN sustainable development Goals.</p>
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<p>Объект №4</p>	

Заголовок	RUSSIAN PHILOSOPHY OF LAW ABOUT THE CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIETY (V.M. KHVOSTOV)
Аннотация	The article discusses the problems of the normative and ethical direction in law, presented from the position of V. Khvostova. The nature, content and species characteristics of ethics in the philosophy of law of a Russian lawyer are shown.
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Объект №5

Заголовок	OPTIMIZATION OF THE CONTENT OF THE MATHEMATICAL COMPONENT OF THE HIGHER SCHOOL OF NON-TECHNICAL PROFILE
Аннотация	The article is devoted to the search for optimization of the content of the mathematical component of the University of nontechnical profile. The analysis of scientific and pedagogical literature in this direction is made, a number of provisions of the solution of this problem is offered.
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<p style="color: green;">Объект №6</p>	
Заголовок	TEACHING STUDENTS THE INTEGRATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS IN THE STUDY OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY IN SECONDARY SCHOOL
Аннотация	The article considers the problem of creating and using situations to integrate students knowledge and skills in the course of studying organic chemistry. The possibility of applying the learning technology based on schematic and iconic models of educational material is considered, the analysis of educational material at the chemistry course of primary and secondary schools is carried out.
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<p style="color: green;">Объект №7</p>	
Заголовок	SELF-DESIGNING OF KNOWLEDGE TO STUDENTS AS A LEADING IDEA OF PEDAGOGICAL CONSTRUCTIVISM
Аннотация	The article substantiates the relevance of one of the modern approaches in humanistic pedagogy pedagogical constructivism. The authors elaborate on his leading idea selfconstruction of knowledge by students. The attempt is made to formulate the characteristics (essence, principles, character) of the modern learning process The author presents the authors practice of building the learning process in higher education creating conditions for selfconstruction of knowledge by students in a small group of cooperation, when working with text.
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Объект №8	
Заголовок	DEVELOPMENT OF REGULATORY SKILLS OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE EDUCATIONAL PROCESS AS A FACTOR IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A SYNERGETIC APPROACH IN MODERN RUSSIAN EDUCATION
Аннотация	The article discusses the conceptual foundations of the relationship between the development of regulatory skills of students and teachers and their impact on the implementation of synergetic foundations of modern higher education in Russia. Preliminary conclusions and results of the research conducted in higher educational institutions of Russia are presented.
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Объект №9

Заголовок	INNOVATIVE SUPPORT FOR THE FORMATION OF COGNITIVE INTERESTS OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS
Аннотация	The article considers cognitive interest as the basis for the success and effectiveness of educational activities in a university. The relevance of the availability of innovative support for the activities of the university in the formation of cognitive interest is substantiated. The authors propose a hierarchical structure of innovative support for the formation of cognitive interest of students, which should be implemented through the electronic information educational environment of the university as a whole.
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Объект №10	
Заголовок	FOREIGN EXPERIENCE OF ADDITIONAL PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION IN LAW ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS AND ITS IMPORTANCE FOR RUSSIA
Аннотация	In the countries of Western Europe and the USA, a diversified system of additional professional education (APE) is functioning in law enforcement systems without a centralized model typical of Russia, which increases the possibility of using the existing variety of forms of training for law enforcement officers. The article presents a sociological analysis of foreign experience in this field, in the aspect of consideration and justification of the possibilities and limitations of its use in order to increase the effectiveness of APE for employees of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation.
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Объект №11

Заголовок	CAUSES AND FACTORS OF EDUCATIONAL MIGRATION KEMEROVO REGION YOUTH
Аннотация	The article examines the reasons prompting the educational migration Kemerovo region youth. The author concludes that the solution to the problem of youth migration educational activity is mutually beneficial for educational institutions, business and government in the region.
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Объект №12

Заголовок	"JUSTIFICATION" OF IVAN ILYIN'S WORLD
Аннотация	Through identification and the description of an initial intuition of the world of Ilyin the attempt to define basic elements of the conceptual design built by I.A. Ilyin for justification of the world in the religiouspolitical act is made.
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Объект №13

Заголовок	EVALUATION OF MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL APPLICANT CONFORMITY
Аннотация	The article sets the task of forming a complex of diagnostic tools and developing indicators and criteria for the readiness of an applicant to study at a university and professional activity. The basis for creating a system of professional psychological selection of applicants were the principles of relevance, scientific validity, consistency, practicality, dynamism. The results obtained during the assessment of professionally important qualities that are characteristic of the profession of a health worker were used to determine not only the suitability of an applicant to study at a university and obtain an appropriate profession, but also to plan vocational training, increase the effectiveness of educational activities, optimize educational conditions, and professional selfdetermination.
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<p>Объект №14</p>	
Заголовок	<p>MODERN CONCEPTS OF HEMODYNAMIC PARAMETERS IN ARTERIOVENOUS FISTULA FOR HEMODIALYSIS (LITERATURE REVIEW)</p>
Аннотация	<p>The socioeconomic significance of chronic kidney disease in the terminal stage is due to the fact that expensive methods of treatment are required, the number of patients on hemodialysis increases annually and most of them are of working age. The most preferred vascular access for hemodialysis treatment is an arteriovenous fistula, yet its dysfunction occurs in more than 30 of patients. Adequate longterm functioning of the fistula depends on its successful maturation, timely diagnosis and elimination of possible complications of permanent vascular access. The main method for diagnosing dysfunction of an arteriovenous fistula is duplex ultrasound, which allows determining the diameters, the state of the walls and blood vessels lumen, the access flow, identifying such complications as stenosis of inflow artery, anastomotic zone and outflow vein, fistula thrombosis, hand ischemia. Ultrasound diagnosis of vascular access complications allows for their timely correction, which increases the duration of fistula adequate functioning.</p>
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<p>Объект №15</p>	
Заголовок	THE IMPORTANCE OF THE NBT-TEST IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF COMPLICATIONS OF DISEASES OF THE ENT-ORGANS

Аннотация	<p>Infectious diseases associated with diseases of ENT organs are quite common. Therefore, this problem requires detailed study. The main goal of the work is to characterize the immunological NBT test the index of phagocytic and metabolic activity of neutrophilic granulocytes in cases of complications of ENT diseases. To achieve this goal and study the problem in detail, the authors used experimental methods. The experiment was conducted on 40 patients from 32 to 65 years. The authors found that during the eruptive phase of the disease, the percentage of NBT positive granulocytes and tetrazolium activity significantly increased and amounted to 3040, while the control groups data were the following the activity of the NBT test was 4.96.8. It was also found that the NBT test in patients with otitic meningitis was 2662, while in all patients with serous meningitis, the level of the NBT test was low 611.</p>
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Объект №16	
Заголовок	PLASMA CORTISOL LEVEL IN RATS WITH CHRONIC UNPREDICTABLE MODERATE STRESS MODEL

Аннотация

Background: Chronic unpredictable moderate stress is considered one of the factors leading to depression and anxiety disorders. A significant role in the development of stress-induced disorders belongs to glucocorticoids, but the question of the specific reactivity of glucocorticoids in chronic stress remains under discussion. The assessment of the possibility of using cortisol as a marker of chronic stress and predictor of the development of behavioral disorders under the influence of chronic stress is still an urgent problem. The aim of this research is to study the level of cortisol in blood plasma of rats during the formation of a chronic unpredictable moderate stress model. Methods: The study involved 20 male outbred rats, which were divided into two groups by randomized selection. Rats were exposed to various stress factors for 21 days, in order to create a model of chronic unpredictable moderate stress. Four times during the experiment blood from the tail vein was sampled to determine cortisol levels and animals were examined in behavioral tests. The days indicated as the control points correspond to 0, 7, 14 and 21 days of the experiment. Results: Comparison of rat cortisol levels didn't show significant difference between the experimental and control groups. Comparison of cortisol levels in each group for different control points using the nonparametric Wilcoxon Ttest at 0,01 showed a significant difference in the experimental group between the first and the third control points with a significant increase in the cortisol level in the latter ($p < 0,007$). The results of animal studies in behavioral tests showed signs of depression and anxiety spectrum disorders in the experimental group. Conclusion: The results of the study of cortisol levels in blood plasma in rats while showing the increase in absolute numbers in control group, didn't demonstrate significant statistical difference between the experimental and control groups and cannot be used as a marker of model validity. Rats of the experimental group showed signs of anxiety and depression disorders, regardless of the level of cortisol.

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<p>Объект №17</p>	
Заголовок	INTERHEMISPHERIC ASYMMETRY OF BRAIN ENERGY EXCHANGE PROCESSES AMONG YOUNG PEOPLE OF WORKING AGE – RESIDENTS OF THE ARCTIC REGION

Аннотация	<p>The article presents the results of surveys of young people (121 people) of both sexes with different types of hemispheric dominance, born and living in the Arctic region. The study was conducted using the 5channel hardware software complex NeuroKM. The results obtained are characterized by pronounced values of the constant potential. In factor analysis in individuals with righthemispheric dominance, the first factor is represented by the distribution of energy processes in the frontal parts of the brain, the second factor indicates the distribution of energy processes in the central parts of the brain, and the third factor in the occipital regions in persons with left hemisphere dominance in the central, 108 Scientific research of the SCO countries: synergy and integration occipital and frontal, respectively. The presented neurophysiological features of the distribution of energy processes are a manifestation of longterm adaptive rearrangements of the central nervous system in individuals with a predominance of the right hemisphere and complete adaptation in left hemisphere individuals.</p>
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<p>Объект №18</p>	
Заголовок	<p>THE INFLUENCE OF PHOTOPERIOD AND AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IN DIFFERENT SEASONS OF THE YEAR ON THE RATES OF DELIVERY IN SINGLE PREGNANCY ON THE EXAMPLE OF THE CITY OF BARNAUL</p>
Аннотация	<p>Among the natural factors that determine human activity and health, an important place is occupied by seasonal fluctuations in external conditions. The moment of birth refers to the critical periods of human ontogenesis. The body of newborns is most sensitive to external influences. The purpose of this study is to test the hypothesis that certain values of weather factors, such as light (photoperiod) and temperature influence the frequency of labor in different seasons of the year. A retrospective study based on medical statistical data was conducted. Analyzed monthly data on births chatote in connection with the action of photoperiod and temperature depending on the season, during the 1998 and 2014, the Selection of materials for analysis was motivated by the fact that in these years, the indices of environmental factors were the most familiar and typical for the climate of Barnaul annual averages of solar activity were comparable and corresponded to the middle of the ascending branch of the 11year solar cycle.</p>
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Объект №19	
Заголовок	PLANT BIOMASS OZONATION. UV SPECTRA OF LIGNIN ISOLATED FROM OZONIZED PINE AND ASPEN WOOD
Аннотация	Lignin conversion in pine and aspen wood ozonation was investigated by UV spectroscopy. It was carried out the analysis of the UV second derivative spectra (2nd spectra) of dioxanlignin isolated from initial and ozonized wood. It is shown that the dominant pathway of lignin conversion in wood ozonation is a destruction of aromatic rings. Besides, modification of aromatics takes place. Formation of aromatic aldehydes, ketones and carbon acids occurs. At the same ozone consumption level, the softwood lignin destruction is less effective as compared to lignin in the deciduous wood. In the products of pine ozonation, aromatic aldehydes and ketones dominate in comparison to aspen wood. This result is supposed to be due to the difference between deciduous and soft lignin composition
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Объект №20	
Заголовок	LEGISLATIVE GAPS IN THE PREVENTION OF COLLISIONS AT SEA
Аннотация	The paper introduces an analysis of the gaps in the legislation on the prevention of collisions at sea which implements various strategies for ship management. The ways of overcoming and eliminating the legislative gaps are considered in the paper.
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Объект №21	
Заголовок	INTERNET ADVERTISEMENT K-MEANS CLUSTERING
Аннотация	We analyze different kmeans algorithms for clustering internet advertisements. Raw data is grabbed from the social network VKontakte. The effectiveness of any clustering process depends on the chosen algorithm, for this it is necessary to conduct research and determine the best one. It should be noted that the basic implementations of clustering algorithms are not optimal, so in the selected algorithm based on research, you need to implement a modified version that will improve the base version.
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